Navigating Children's Grief: How to Help Following a Death

Age	Concepts and Beliefs	Difficult Emotions	Possible Behaviors	How to Help
Birth–2 years	 No understanding of death Child does not have words for feelings Aware of the absence of loved one Notices changes in routine Notices changes in family emotions 	 Longing Misses contact, sounds, smell and sight of loved one Fears of being abandoned Anxiety 	 Crying Sickliness Indigestion Thrashing Rocking Throwing Sucking, biting Sleeplessness 	 Physical contact, cuddling and reassurance Maintain routines Meet immediate physical needs Include the child in the mourning process when possible Be gentle & patient
3-5 years	 No understanding of permanence of death To be dead is to be sleeping or on a trip May wonder what deceased is doing Can understand that biological processes have stopped, but sees this as temporary and reversible May wonder what will happen if the other parent dies Magical thinking and fantasies, often worse than realities 	 Fear Sadness Insecurity Confusion Anger Irritable Agitated Worried Guilty 	 Regressive behaviors Repetitive questions Withdrawn Plays out scenes of death, change & feelings Interested in dead things Acts as if death never happened Intense dreams Physical complaints Crying Fighting 	 Allow the child to regress Give physical contact Encourage children to play & have fun Allow safe ways to express feeling Give simple & truthful answers to questions Maintain structure and routines Answer repetitive questions Let the child cry Talk (reflective listening) Include child in family rituals & mourning
6-9 years	 Understands that death is final Interested in the biology of death Death associated with bodily harm, mutilation & decay His or her thoughts, actions or words caused the death Death is punishment Forming spiritual concepts Who will care for me if my caregiver dies Thinks about life's milestones without the deceased (graduation, marriage, etc.) 	 Sad Anger Lonely Withdrawn Worried Anxious Irritable Confusion Guilty Fear 	 Regressive behaviors Specific questioning – looking for details Acts as if the death never happened Hides feelings Withdrawal Nightmares / sleep disturbances Concentration difficulties Declining or greatly improved grades Aggressive acting out Protective of surviving loved ones 	 Allow need to regress Give physical contact Have intentional times together Answer questions truthfully Watch for confusion Allow expression of feelings through verbal & physical outlets Encourage drawing, reading, playing, art, music, dance, acting, sports Let child choose how to be involved in the death & mourning Find peer support for the child Work with school to tailor workload

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9-12 years	 Understands the finality of death Denial His/her words, thoughts or actions caused the death Thinks about life's milestones without the deceased (graduation, marriage, etc.) High death awareness (death may happen again) What if my caregiver dies? Formulating spiritual concepts 	 Emotional turmoil heightened by physical changes Shock Sad Anger Confused Lonely Vulnerable Fear Worried Guilty Isolated Abandoned Anxious 	 Regressive behavior & fluctuating moods Hides feelings Acts like death never happened Aggressive acting out Withdrawal Nightmares & sleep disturbances Concentration difficulties Changes in grades Talks about physical aspects of illness or death 	 Allow regressive behavior & offer comfort Expect & accept mood swings Encourage expression of feelings through writing, art, music, sports, etc. Find peer support groups Be available to listen and talk Answer questions truthfully Offer physical contact Give choices about involvement in death & mourning
12 years and up (teenagers)	 Understands the finality & universality of death Denial His/her words, thoughts or actions caused the death Thinks about life's milestones without the deceased (graduation, marriage, etc.) High death awareness (death may happen again) May sense own impending death I need to be in control of feelings If I show my feelings, I will be weak Internal conflict about dependence & desiring independence May utilize spiritual concepts to cope 	 Highly self-conscious about being different due to grief Shock Sad Anger Confused Lonely Vulnerable Fear Worried Guilty Isolated Abandoned Anxious 	 Occasional regressive behavior Mood swings Hides feelings Acts like death never happened Acts out role confusion Aggressive acting out Withdrawal Nightmares & sleep disturbances Concentration difficulties Changes in grades Impulsive & high risk behavior Changes in peer groups Fighting, screaming, arguing Changes in eating patterns 	 Allow regressive behavior & offer comfort Expect & accept mood swings Allow hidden feelings unless there is risk of harm Encourage expression of feelings through writing, art, music, sports, etc. Support relationships with understanding adults Be available to listen and talk Answer questions truthfully Share your grief Watch for high risk behavior Find peer support groups Offer physical contact Allow choices about involvement in death & mourning

